

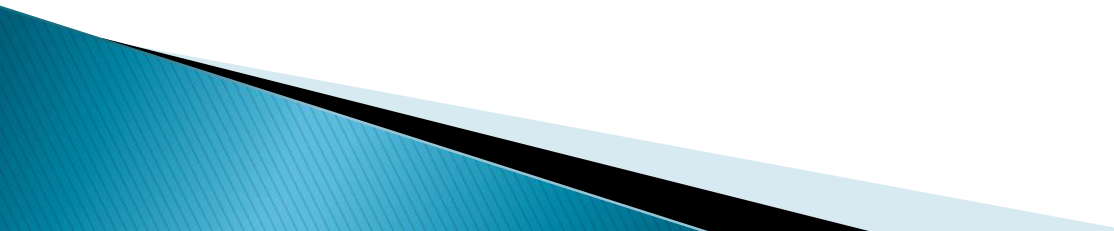
Computer Security Incident Response Team Slovakia



CSIRT.SK
www.csirt.gov.sk

November 2010

Agenda


- ▶ CSIRT.SK establishing
 - ▶ Mission statement and goals
 - ▶ Organization and infrastructure
 - ▶ Development phases
 - ▶ Cooperation
 - ▶ Current activities
 - ▶ Near future
 - ▶ Computer incidents
 - ▶ How to build CSIRT
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Information Security in the SR

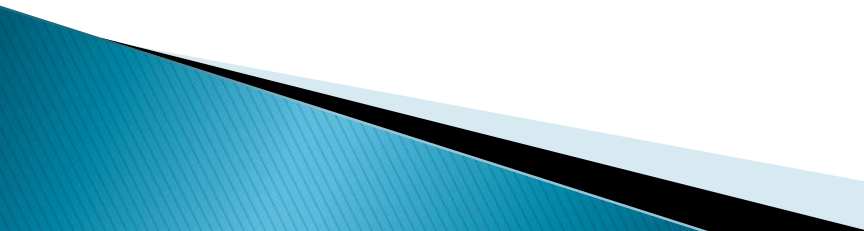
- **The Ministry of Finance of the Slovak Republic**
(Act No. 275/2006 – Public Administration Information Systems, Non-classified information)
- **National Security Authority**
(Act No. 215/2002 – Electronic signature and Act No. 215/2004 – Classified information)
- **The Ministry of Transport, Posts and Telecommunications of the Slovak Republic**
(Act No. 610/2003 - Electronic communication)
- **The Office for Personal Data Protection**
(Act No. 428/2002 – Personal data protection)
- **The Ministry of the Interior of the Slovak Republic**
(Act No. 300/2005, § 247 – Cybercrime)
- **The Ministry of Economy of the Slovak Republic**
(Act No. 22/2004 – e-Commerce)
- **Telecommunications Office of the Slovak Republic**
(Act No. 610/2003 - Electronic communication)
- **The Ministry of Culture**
(Act. No 618/2003 - Copyright)
- **Ministry of Defense**

And the others ...

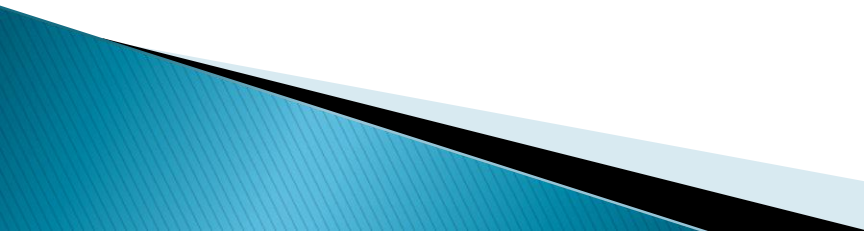
Establishing a national CSIRT

- ▶ The National Strategy for Information Security
 - adopted by Slovak Government under 570/2008
 - ▶ Ministry of Finance
 - administrative, personnel, technical and financial support
 - ▶ **CSIRT.SK** has been established
 - as an independent department of DataCentrum
 - on July, 1st. 2009
 - as the first CSIRT/CERT in Slovakia
 - as a **national / governmental CSIRT**
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Mission Statement

- ▶ Response to the IS incidents
 - cooperation with
 - the owners and providers of impacted parts of the national critical infrastructure
 - telecommunication operators
 - ISPs and other public bodies (police, investigators, courts)
 - ▶ Raising awareness in the field of IS
 - seminars, trainings, best-practices ...
 - ▶ Cooperation and representation
 - international counterparts, peers and organizations
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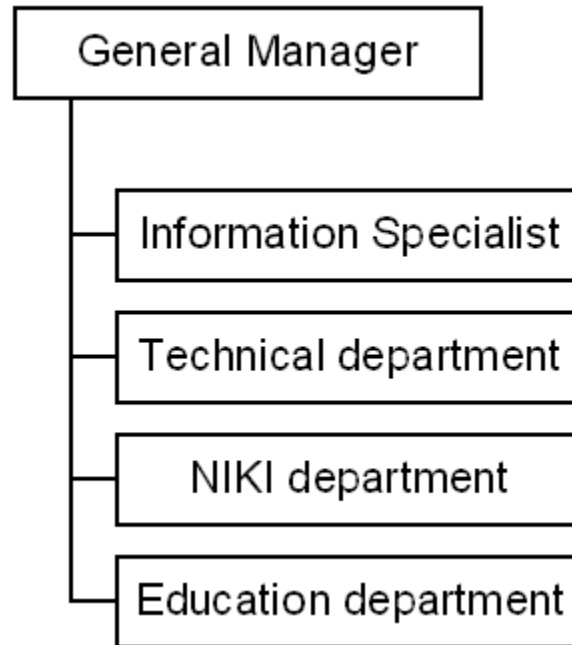
Further Goals

- ▶ Contact point
 - National and international warnings
 - ▶ Monitoring and Information Gathering
 - Level of IS in Slovakia
 - Current threats, vulnerabilities and risks
 - ▶ Provide services related to IS
 - Reactive / Proactive
 - ▶ Education and awareness raising
 - IS specialists
 - Users
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Further Goals II

- ▶ Cooperation with other CSIRT/CERT teams
- ▶ At the beginning
 - Only selected services to state administration and later on to the whole public administration

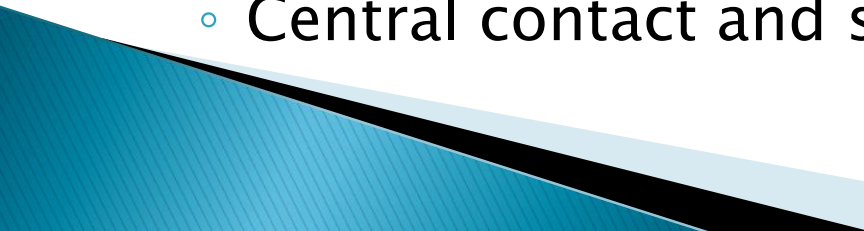
Organization



International cooperation

- ▶ ENISA, TERENA
 - Source of information, guide-lines
 - TRANSITS training
- ▶ TF-CSIRT
 - Status: “Listed”
- ▶ APWG
 - Access to the resources
- ▶ CSIRTs/CERTs
 - Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Austria, ...
- ▶ Cyber Europe 2010

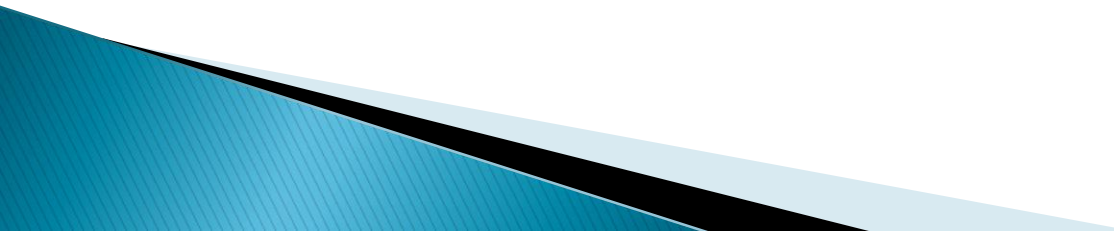
Current Status

- ▶ Vulnerability and incident handling
 - via the website from the public
 - web vulnerabilities and phishing
 - ▶ IS awareness raising and education
 - courses preparation
 - IS terminology
 - ▶ Incident handling and forensics laboratory
 - HW and SW infrastructure
 - policies, processes
 - ▶ Information sharing and warning system
 - Central contact and sharing point
- 

Laboratory / Incident handling workspace

- ▶ Separated workspaces for improved security and operability
- ▶ Structure designed for easy and secure work.
- ▶ Tasks:
 - Coordination – operating centre
 - Forensics
 - Incident handling
 - And so on 😊

The future

- ▶ Start of providing selected services to selected state and public organizations
 - ▶ TF-CSIRT – accredited
 - ▶ FIRST
 - ▶ Preparing of national exercises
 - ▶ Cooperation with other CSIRTs in projects
 - ▶ Full featured forensics laboratory
 - ▶ ...
- 

Computer incidents

Any real or suspected adverse event in relation to the security of computer systems or computer networks

–or–

The act of violating an explicit or implied security policy



Computer incidents

▶ Classification:

- Phishing
- Copyright abuse
- Intrusion
- Harassment
- Web Defacement
- Spam
- Malware
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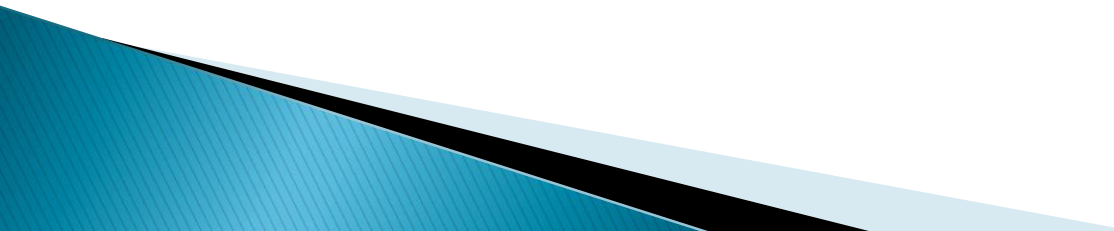
▶ Severity

- Low
- Medium
- High

Computer incidents

- ▶ Solution ?
 - Proactive
 - Reactive


Reactive solution of computer incidents

- ▶ Incident handling
 - ▶ Manage responsibilities
 - ▶ Forensics
 - ▶ Cooperation with law enforcement
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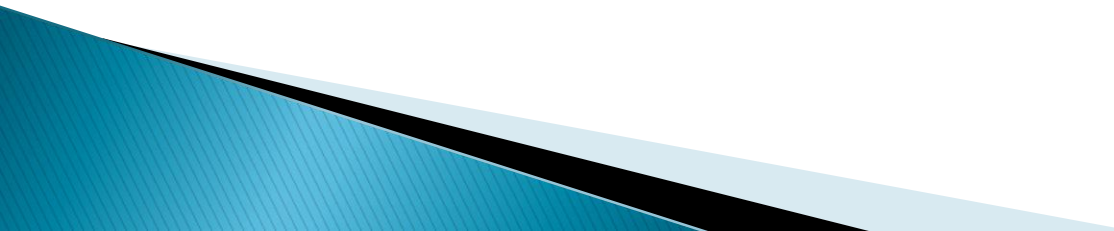
Core principles of Incident handling

- Gathering Intelligence
 - Understanding the other side
 - Monitoring
 - Reverse Engineering

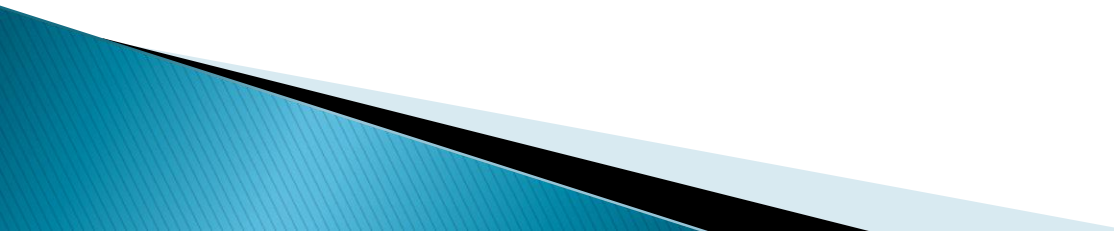
 - ▶ Communication with other relevant subjects (police, courts, commercial companies)
 - ▶ Communication with IT staff

 - ▶ **To think.**
- 

Proactive solution of computer incidents

- ▶ Announcements and warnings
 - ▶ IDS / IPS
 - ▶ Organizational policies
 - ▶ Rising security awareness / Education of users
 - ▶
- 

How to build CSIRT/CERT

- ▶ Financial issues
 - ▶ Mission (almost impossible)
 - ▶ Organizational issues
 - ▶ Operational issues
 - ▶ Technical issues
 - ▶ Legal issues
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Organisational issues

- ▶ What is competencies of the team ?
 - Can they order to restart server ?
- ▶ What is the mission of the team?
 - Proactive
 - Reactive
 - Coordiantional only
- ▶ Who is the consituency of the team ?
 - Customers ?
 - Internal employees ?
 - Both ?

Discussion